OSHA Citation Tracking Other than Serious Violations FY 2003

Installation Naval Aviation Depot, Cherry Point, NC	UIC 00146	Inspection Date 2/27/2003	Inspection Type Complaint	Violation Type Other	Standard Cited 1910.1001(d)(1)	Description Asbestos exposure determinations. Employee exposure shall be made from breathing zone air samples that are representative of the 8-hour TWA and 30-minute short-term exposures of each employee.	NAVOSH Reference OPNAVINST 5100.23F Chapter 11 Basic Requirements; Chapter 17 Asbestos Control	Abatement Date 6/18/2003	Maximum Private Sector Penalty \$7,000
NAS Key West, FL	00213	4/16/2003	Planned	Other	1910.1200(g)(8)	workplace copies of the required material safety data sheets for each hazardous chemical, and shall ensure that they are readily accessible during each work shift to employees when they are in their work area(s). (Electronic access, microfiche, and other alternatives to maintaining	OPNAVINST 5100.23F Chapter 11 Basic Requirements; Chapter 7 Hazardous Material Control and Management	7/7/2003	\$7,000
Puget Sound Naval Shipyard Bremerton, WA	00251	5/28/2003	Planned	Other	1910.026(c)(2)	taken out of service until repaired by either maintenance department or the manufacturer.	OPNAVINST 5100.23F Chapter 5 Prevention and Control of Workplace Hazards	6/16/2003	\$7,000
Puget Sound Naval Shipyard Bremerton, WA	00251	5/28/2003	Planned	Other	1910.303(g)(1)	Sufficient access and working space shall be	OPNAVINST 5100.23F Chapter 5 Prevention and Control of Workplace Hazards	6/16/2003	\$7,000

Puget Sound Naval Shipyard Bremerton, WA	00251	5/28/2003	Planned	Other	1910.334(a)(2)(i)		5100.23F Chapter 5 Prevention and Control of Workplace Hazards	6/16/2003	\$7,000
Puget Sound Naval Shipyard Bremerton, WA	00251	5/28/2003	Planned	Other	1910.334(a)(2)(ii)	employee to injury, the defective or damaged	OPNAVINST 5100.23F Chapter 5 Prevention and Control of Workplace Hazards	6/16/2003	\$7,000

Note:

The abatement date is established by the OSHA area office. The period of time to abate a hazard is the shortest interval that an employer can reasonably be expected to correct the violation.

The OSHA Act authorizes civil penalties be assessed for each alleged violation. Most Federal agencies are exempt from these fines. Penalties are based on four factors: 1) the gravity of the violation: 2) the size of the business; 3) the good faith of the employer; 4) the employer's history of previous violations.